

KOLLOQUIUM ÜBER NEUERE ARBEITEN AUF DEM GEBIETE
DER MECHANIK UND STRÖMUNGSLEHRE
an der Technischen Universität Wien

EINLADUNG

zum Vortrag von Herrn

Professor Abdelfattah ZEBIB

Department of Mechanical & Aerospace Engineering
School of Engineering, Rutgers University, New Jersey USA

über

“Instabilities of Binary Mixtures in Planar Layers and Thermogravitational Columns”

Zeit: Donnerstag, 28. Mai 2009, 16:00 Uhr c.t.

Ort: SEM 322

Institut f. Strömungsmechanik und Wärmeübertragung,
Resselg. 3, Stiege 2, 1. Stock, 1040 Wien

Prof. Dr. J. Eberhartsteiner
Prof. Dr. U. Gamer
Prof. Dr. A. Kluwick
Prof. Dr. H.C. Kuhlmann
Prof. Dr. P. Lugner
Prof. Dr. H. Mang, Ph.D.
Prof. Dr. F. Rammerstorfer

Prof. Dr. W. Schneider
Prof. Dr. A. Slibar
Prof. Dr. H. Sockel
Prof. Dr. H. Springer
Prof. Dr. H. Troger
Prof. Dr. F. Ziegler
Prof. Dr. Ph. K. Zysset

Instabilities of Binary Mixtures in Planar Layers and Thermogravitational Columns

Abdelfattah Zebib^{1,2}

¹Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering, Rutgers University, USA

²Manufacturing Department, Mondragon University, Spain

A theoretical and computational study of Soret separation of a binary mixture contained in a differentially heated inclined infinite layer is presented. We first calculate the basic steady one-dimensional flow taking into account the concentration gradient caused by thermodiffusion. Unstable (stable) stratification is induced at negative (positive) separation ratios (ε). Linear stability of this basic state is performed and the critical Rayleigh number, wave numbers (longitudinal and transverse with the roll axis parallel and perpendicular to the layer, respectively), frequency, and vertical concentration gradient are determined as functions of the Lewis (Le), Prandtl numbers (Pr) and inclination angle (δ). It is shown that negative separation drives long wavelength longitudinal diffusional instabilities with a lower bound that depends on ε , Le , Pr and δ . The heated from below horizontal layers are 2D overstable while the heated from above horizontal layers are 2D double-diffusive unstable at zero wavenumbers. Long wavelength asymptotics are used where appropriate showing excellent agreement with Chebyshev pseudospectral solutions.

Supercritical nonlinear finite volume computations of a particular water-ethanol mixture in vertical boxes of various aspect ratios are in agreement with linear theory and available experiments. Stability restrictions when $\varepsilon < 0$ and recommendations for the operation of the thermogravitational column will be discussed.